

India

REDUCE (previously ADD)

Consensus ratings*: Buy 21 Hold 6 Sell 1 Current price: Rs3.231 Rs2.417 Target price: Previous target: Rs3.566 Up/downside: -25.2% InCred Research / Consensus: -36.9% PIIL.NS Reuters: PI IN Bloombera: Market cap: US\$6.751m Rs490,209m US\$15.8m Average daily turnover: Rs1147.8m Current shares o/s: 138.0m Free float: 53.3% *Source: Bloomberg



| Price performance | 1M | 3M | 12M |
|-------------------|-------|-------|------|
| Absolute (%) | (0.2) | (3.1) | 29.5 |
| Relative (%) | 1.2 | (0.4) | 24.2 |

| Major shareholders | % neid |
|---------------------------|--------|
| Promoter & Promoter Group | 46.8 |
| ICICI Prudential | 3.5 |
| Axis Mutual Fund | 2.5 |
| | |

PI Industries Ltd

Downgrade to REDUCE

- The rapid rise in glyphosate prices led to overall higher prices and consumption of other herbicides. This led to a pre-emergent herbicide like pyroxasulfone posting a higher volume for PI Industries, which may not be repeated in CY23F.
- The R&D pipeline of its big clients such as Kumiai and Sumitomo appears to be thin, raising a question mark over the future growth potential of PI Industries.
- Rynaxypyr is going off-patent and given the number of firms going to make this molecule, it's unlikely that PI Industries can hope for high-teen growth. Consensus EPS too high & risk-reward unfavourable. Downgrade to REDUCE.

2022 was a windfall for pyroxasulfone - may not be repeated

China produces almost 50% of glyphosate globally and exports almost 90% of its output to the global market. Bayer is another big manufacturer accounting for 30% of global output. In 2022, there was production disruption in China due to the 'Zero Covid policy' which led to skyrocketing prices of glyphosate before wheat and corn planting season in USA. In panic, people preferred a pre-emergent herbicide like pyroxasulfone and other herbicides. This led to a rise in the prices of almost all herbicides during Mar-Jul 2022 and since then they are cooling off. As the Chinese capacity comes online (indicated by falling glyphosate prices) other herbicide volumes as well as prices may fall. It is important to note that Bayer has done some trait addition in various GMO seeds (widely used in USA and LATAM) which led to glyphosate becoming almost a prerequisite for the farmers (Bayer sells these seeds under the Roundup Ready brand name). The only other option is using a preemergent herbicide (pre-emergent means that herbicide is applied after the crop seeds are planted but before the crop and weeds emerge from the soil) or an age-old safe herbicide like 2,4D, glufosinate, etc. The crux of the matter is that 2022 was unique for pyroxasulfone which may not be repeated (at least the probability is quite low).

New molecules of key clients such as Kumiai & Sumitomo are few

Apart from pyroxasulfone, Kumiai hasn't come out with any blockbuster product in the last 10 years. For Sumitomo, apart from clothianidin, no other new product has turned big in the last 10 years. Currently, we do not find any new R&D molecule from Kumiai, but Sumitomo has five molecules whose 2021 sales were negligible. To sustain growth, PI Industries (PI) will have to get a CRAMS contract for these molecules and pray for their success. While it may happen, the probability that it will happen in next few quarters is slim. The big Rynaxypyr contract has gone to UPL and, at best, PI can supply the intermediary. Also, multiple new players foraying into Rynaxypyr makes the growth challenging for PI.

Downgrade to REDUCE with a lower target price of Rs2,417

We value the stock at 25x FY25F earnings to arrive at our new target price of Rs2,417 (Rs3,566 earlier). The lower-than-current multiple is due to the growth path not visible beyond FY24F (too much dependence on a single molecule) Upside risk: Any big CRAMS order from Sumitomo will lead to EPS upgrade and thereby the target price as well.

| Financial Summary | Mar-21A | Mar-22A | Mar-23F | Mar-24F | Mar-25F |
|-----------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|----------|---------|
| Revenue (Rsm) | 46,340 | 53,466 | 65,307 | 72,181 | 79,852 |
| Operating EBITDA (Rsm) | 10,692 | 11,895 | 16,557 | 18,835 | 21,359 |
| Net Profit (Rsm) | 7,953 | 8,909 | 12,481 | 12,948 | 14,687 |
| Core EPS (Rs) | 52.4 | 58.6 | 82.2 | 85.2 | 96.7 |
| Core EPS Growth | 58.3% | 12.0% | 40.1% | 3.7% | 13.4% |
| FD Core P/E (x) | 61.72 | 55.09 | 39.33 | 37.91 | 33.42 |
| DPS (Rs) | 2.0 | 2.2 | 3.1 | 3.3 | 3.7 |
| Dividend Yield | 0.06% | 0.07% | 0.10% | 0.10% | 0.11% |
| EV/EBITDA (x) | 44.04 | 39.59 | 28.99 | 25.10 | 21.66 |
| P/FCFE (x) | (23.95) | 147.44 | (52.26) | 61.44 | 43.90 |
| Net Gearing | (37.4%) | (32.6%) | (14.9%) | (21.0%) | (28.3%) |
| P/BV (x) | 8.77 | 8.02 | 6.70 | 5.73 | 4.92 |
| ROE | 20.0% | 15.5% | 18.6% | 16.3% | 15.8% |
| % Change In Core EPS Estimates | | | 1.52% | (15.33%) | |
| InCred Research/Consensus EPS (x) | | | | | |

SOURCE: INCRED RESEARCH, COMPANY REPORTS

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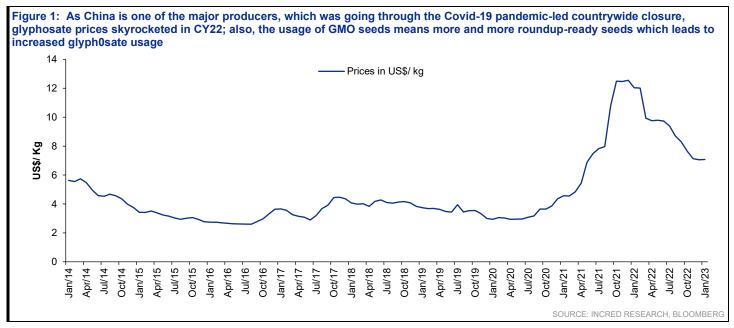
Downgrade to REDUCE

The pyroxasulfone-driven growth cannot take PI Industries too far and we find the new product pipeline also doesn't appear impressive. The growth is likely to taper down in the coming quarters after impressive growth in the last six quarters.

Pyroxasulfone growth to taper down in the coming quarters as glyphosate production ramps up globally

The surge in the prices of glyphosate made life easy for all herbicides as they became relatively cheaper and thus their sales increased. All herbicides got this benefit and Kumiai's pyroxasulfone was no exception. We have seen the prices of pyroxasulfone rising to US\$113/kg, which used to be a near US\$75-80/kg a few years ago.

Glyphosate prices skyrocketed in CY22 - the reasons were supply chain problems and more and more roundup-ready GMO seeds ➤



Annual output of glyphosate raw powder in China is primarily maintained at about 580,000t, around 10% of which is supplied for domestic use while a major portion is exported to the international market. Bayer produces 380,000t. Since 2021, there is energy, food and industrial chain crisis due to the complex international political and economic scenario such as geopolitical instability, re-emergence of the Covid-19 pandemic and trade disputes. This led to significant uncertainty on economic growth; the rise in raw material prices, food prices, and the continuous expansion of the planting area (acreage) of GMO crops have all benefited glyphosate, which used to be a herbicide with a depressed market since the past several years.

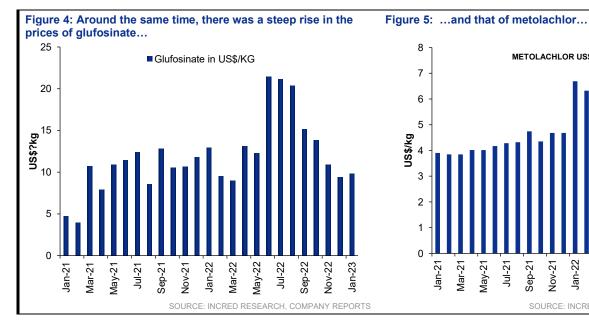
Rising prices of glyphosate forced the farmers to use a preemergent herbicide like pyroxasulfone>

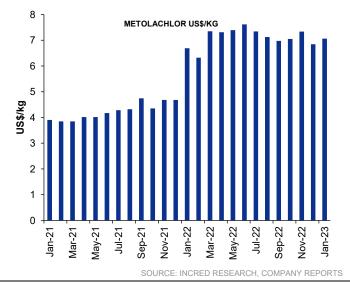
Pyroxasulfone is a pre-emergent wheat herbicide and is widely used in USA as well as in Canada. Despite its wide usage since the last seven years, there are only two cases of known weed resistance which is good news for the product. Please note that the wheat season in USA is Mar-May (when it is sown) and around Sep it is reaped. Therefore, rising glyphosate prices forced the farmers to look for an alternative and it came in the form of pyroxasulfone as well as glufosinate.



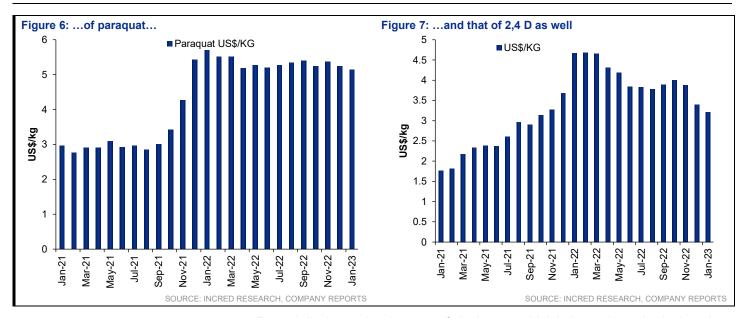
Figure 2: The prices of pyroxasulfone in USA skyrocketed in May-Jun 2022 as glyphosate prices were rising and the wheat sowing season was in full swing 120 ■Prices of Pyroxasulfone 110 100 US\$/Kg 90 80 70 60 Aug-22 Sep-22 Nov-22 Jan-23 Jun-22 Jul-22 Oct-22 May-22 SOURCE: INCRED RESEARCH, COMPANY REPORTS

Figure 3: Normally, pyroxasulfone prices remain in the range of US\$75-80/kg, but 2022 was the first year when glyphosate shortage led to panic buying ■ Prices in US\$/kg 110 100 90 80 70 60 FY23 Q4FY22 Q2 FY23 Q3 FY23 Q1FY22 Q2FY22 Q4 FY23 8 SOURCE: INCRED RESEARCH, COMPANY REPORTS









Essentially, it was the shortage of glyphosate which led to a sharp rise in the prices of all herbicides, As China's economy is opening and production is starting, things are expected to normalize.

Please note that glyphosate market is difficult to replace on a sustained basis and many productive seeds can only withstand glyphosate i.e. they are roundup-ready

Roundup-ready crops (RR crops) are genetically engineered crops that have had their DNA altered to allow them to withstand the herbicide glyphosate (the active ingredient of Monsanto's herbicide Roundup). They are also known as 'glyphosate tolerant crops.' RR crops deregulated in USA include corn, soybean, canola, cotton, sugar beet, and alfalfa. When planting glyphosate-tolerant crops, a farmer can spray the entire crop with glyphosate, killing only the weeds and leave the crop alive.

Figure 8: The dominance of Monsanto (now Bayer) is visible in this chart; the company. Keeps designing RR-ready seeds and hence, farmers have no option but to use glyphosate; the advent of GM seeds and gene editing has changed the game totally

Seed Industry Structure

1996 - 2018

Bayer

Fill Howard Associate Professor, Michigan Bala Uwendy
Partial Ownership

Stack trait seeds are more favourable to Bayer and it leads in this area ➤

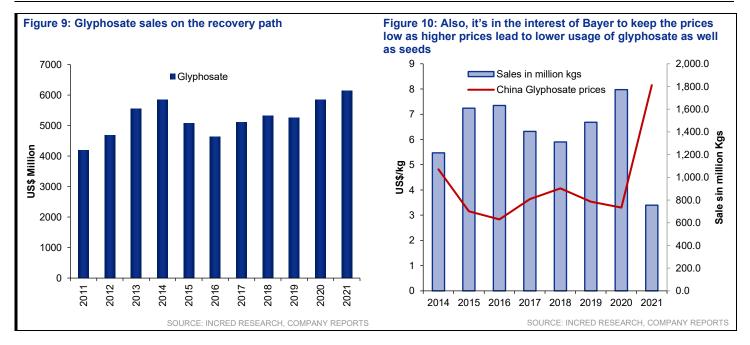
Gene stacking refers to the process of combining genes of interest into a single plant line. It is used in conventional as well as genetically modified (GM) crops to develop improved lines. A stacked GM line contains at least two novel genes. Stacked genes are sometimes referred to as stacked events; gene stacking as gene pyramiding.

Bayer's strategy is again centered around glyphosate; it uses roundup-ready (glyphosate-tolerant) as the base trait and stacks other characteristics like being resistant to the fungus or the insects above it.

Hence, glyphosate should remain the leader in herbicides ▶

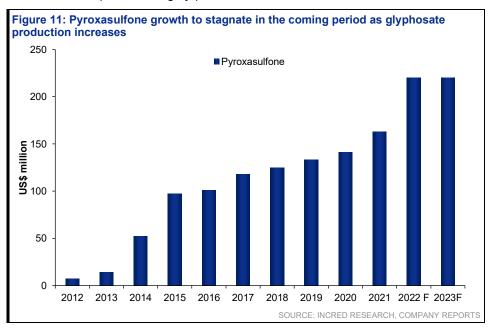
All this point to the fact that glyphosate will remain the leader in the marketplace. There is a risk of a ban on this molecule but Bayer in treading very cautiously. Even Indian players like Atul are expanding into this market.





Hence, extraordinary sales of pyroxasulfone are a flash in the pan and will vanish ▶

Long-term high prices of glyphosate are not in the interest of Bayer as they will lead to the collapse of its highly profitable seed business.





Rynaxypyr (chlorantraniliprole) hasn't turned out to be a driver, as expected

Rynaxypyr is one of the bigger molecules in the global market with a market size of US\$1.7bn. Its contract from the FMC was one of the key drivers for the stock rerating during 2019-20. However, with rising competition and the product going off-patent in the global market, we are not so sure about its growth potential anymore. Moreover, PI Industries supplies 2-amino-5-chloro-N, 3-dimethylbenzamiden which is an intermediary for making chlorantraniliprole and as the market becomes more fragmented, its volume growth will become a risk.

Rynaxypyr or chlorantraniliprole is one of the most successful insecticide >



During the patent period itself, multiple companies have entered the Rynaxypyr market ➤

FMC has become the innovator of this product after buying it from Dupont. The product is going off-patent in 2023 and multiple Indian companies are launching their versions. FMC has also tied up with the other Indian players to supply the molecule.

- Dhanuka Agritech launched Cover in India in 2015 for use on rice, soybean and sugarcane crops.
- Arysta Lifesciences (now acquired by UPL) markets the product as Prevathon in Myanmar.
- In Nov 2019, the Institute for the Control of Agrochemicals, Ministry of Agriculture of China (ICAMA) granted the registration for 200 g/l chlorantraniliprole SC, filed by Syngenta, to be applied to control lawn army worm and fall army worm (spodoptera litura) in sweet potato. This is reported to be the first time that the registration of chlorantraniliprole has been approved for application on lawn and sweet potatoes.
- In Feb 2020, Syngenta received the approval for its liquid termiticide, Altriset (chlorantraniliprole), in Hawaii.
- Syngenta launched Instivo (chlorantraniliprole + abamectin) in Brazil in 2021 for use on beans, cotton, maize and soybean crops.
- In Mar 2022, FMC India debuted Corprima (chlorantraniliprole), for the control
 of lepidopteran pests such as fruit borers (leucinodes orbonalis) in tomato and
 okra.
- Syngenta introduced Voliam (chlorantraniliprole) in Portugal in 2022 for the control of lepidopteran and coleopteran pests on pome fruits, grapevines, maize, potato and dried fruits. FMC debuted Coragen MaX (chlorantraniliprole)



in Canada in 2022 for the control of 'key' pests in maize, potato and vegetable crops.

Multiple Indian and Chinese companies are installing chlorantraniliprole capacities and competition will become tough as it goes off-patent ▶

- In India, Natco Pharma is already manufacturing chlorantraniliprole.
- · Atul is also installing chlorantraniliprole manufacturing capacity.
- Best Agrochem's capacity is also in the pipeline.
- · Heranba is planning to set up production capacity.
- Gharda Chemicals, Frontier Agrotech Private Limited, and Laurus Synthesis are the other Indian companies in the race for Rynaxypyr.
- Multiple Chinese companies are also planning to foray into this space, out of which we have identified some like Lier Chemical, Youdao Chemicals, and Xinanguri Bote

FMC has tied up with UPL as well, thereby limiting the market of PI Industries▶

FMC and UPL inked a multi-year strategic collaboration in 2021 for chlorantraniliprole whereby FMC provides UPL the access to chlorantraniliprole-based products for distribution in select markets prior to patent expiry. In the future, FMC will supply the active ingredient to UPL for use in product formulations developed and marketed by UPL globally.

Please note that PI Industries is supplying 2-amino-5-chloro-N, 3-dimethylbenzamide, which is an intermediary for Rynaxypyr ➤

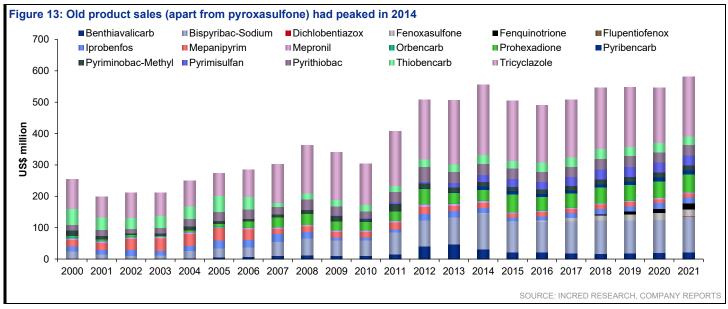
PI Industries is supplying 2-amino-5-chloro-N, 3-dimethylbenzamiden which is an intermediary for the Rynaxypyr molecule. PI Industries can supply the same to UPL as well. However, it remains to be seen how PI Industries' sales get impacted when this molecule turns generic and multiple players enter the global market. We are not much worried about the pricing of the intermediary, rather we fear the volume growth of 2-amino-5-chloro-N, 3-dimethylbenzamiden. It is entirely possible that once the market becomes fragmented, the volume growth of PI Industries will shrink significantly.

Kumiai's and Sumitomo's new products are limited and we don't know how they will turn up

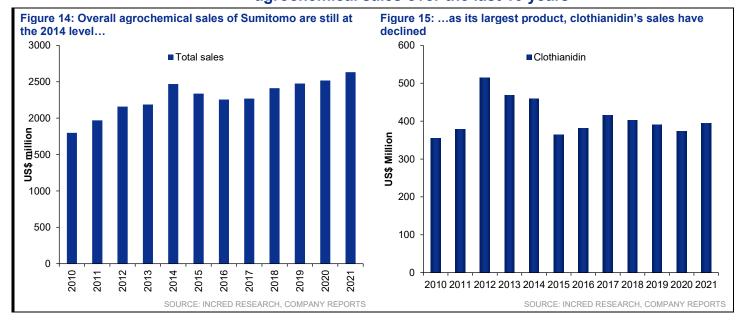
The new launches of Kumiai are limited and within old products, apart from pyroxasulfone, nothing stands out as unique. For new products – it might turn out to be next pyroxasulfone, but we don't know that as of now. Kumiai is important for PI Industries as it is the sole manufacturer of pyroxasulfone for the compnay and it participates in its R&D process.



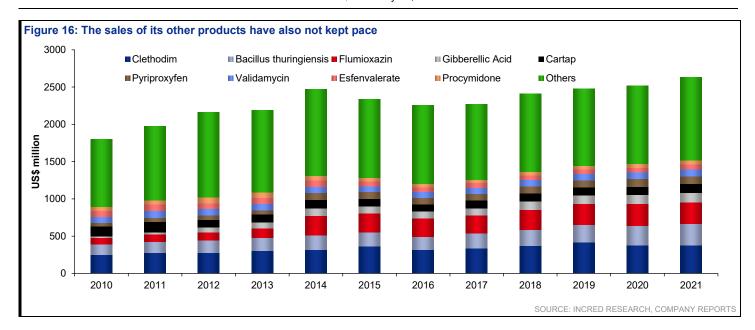
Old products (apart from pyroxasulfone) of Kumiai aren't doing that great ▶



Even Sumitomo hasn't done any thing great in overall agrochemical sales over the last 10 years ➤







The R&D pipeline of Sumitomo is better than Kumiai, but success is still a question mark ➤

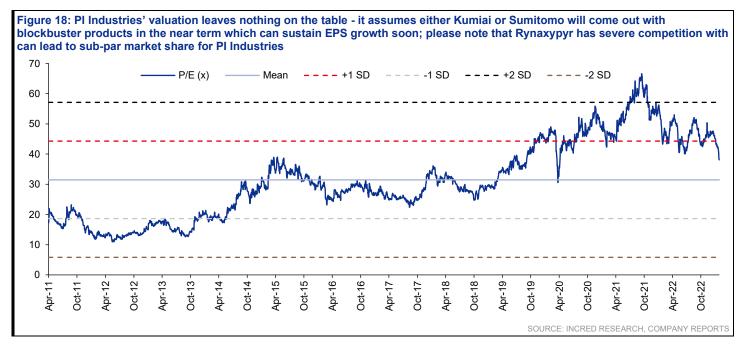
In the last 21 years, apart from clothianidin, Sumitomo has not been able to introduce any new successful product. The company has five new molecules in the pipeline which can be introduced in the coming months.

| Figure 17: Five success can be | | | ose CRAMS o | ontract | can go to P | I Industries, but its |
|--------------------------------|------------|-------------|----------------|----------|----------------|---------------------------|
| Name of Molecule | Status | Туре | Mode of action | Launch | Patent Expiry | Innovator |
| Pyridachlometyl | R&D | Fungicide | Other | pre-2025 | 2028 | Sumitomo Chemical |
| Oxazosulfyl | R&D | Insecticide | Other | 2022 | 2033 | Sumitomo Chemical |
| Metyltetraprole | R&D | Fungicide | Other | pre-2025 | 2033 | Sumitomo Chemical / BASF |
| Flufenpyr | Commercial | Herbicide | n.a. | 2023 | n.a. | Sumitomo Chemical/ Valent |
| Epyrifenacil | R&D | Herbicide | PPO - Other | 2025 | n.a. | Sumitomo Chemical |
| | | | | SOU | RCE: INCRED RE | SEARCH, COMPANY REPORTS |

Risk-reward ratio unfavourable - downgrade to REDUCE

While PI Industries can hit a jackpot again in the coming few quarters, its captive client R&D pipeline doesn't look encouraging and at the same time, the best of pyroxasulfone appears to be behind us. Consensus EPS estimates are just too bullish as they are building in stupendous growth from pyroxasulfone in the future as well. We value the stock at 25x FY25F EPS and downgrade our rating on it to REDUCE (from ADD earlier).





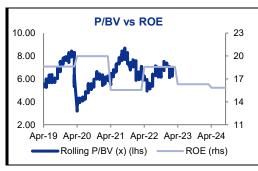
Please note that during the growth phase, PI Industries can trade at extremely high P/E of 40+ but when growth is not visible, then it gets derated equally bad or stagnates for time correction.

Huge cash on the balance sheet is another risk apart from the risk of a bad acquisition ➤

The extent of investors' belief in PI Industries can be noticed from the fact that it got money for a yet-to-be identified acquisition (around two years ago). The company wants to expand in the pharmaceutical vertical but is unable to find a target company for the same since the last 2.5 years. Bad acquisition risk is also rising.



BY THE NUMBERS





| Profit & Loss | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| (Rs mn) | Mar-21A | Mar-22A | Mar-23F | Mar-24F | Mar-25F |
| Total Net Revenues | 46,340 | 53,466 | 65,307 | 72,181 | 79,852 |
| Gross Profit | 46,340 | 53,466 | 65,307 | 72,181 | 79,852 |
| Operating EBITDA | 10,692 | 11,895 | 16,557 | 18,835 | 21,359 |
| Depreciation And Amortisation | (1,748) | (2,018) | (3,044) | (3,850) | (4,101) |
| Operating EBIT | 8,944 | 9,877 | 13,512 | 14,985 | 17,258 |
| Financial Income/(Expense) | (282) | (128) | (400) | (400) | (400) |
| Pretax Income/(Loss) from Assoc. | 44 | 36 | | | |
| Non-Operating Income/(Expense) | 1,249 | 1,014 | 1,400 | 1,600 | 1,500 |
| Profit Before Tax (pre-EI) | 9,955 | 10,799 | 14,512 | 16,185 | 18,358 |
| Exceptional Items | | | | | |
| Pre-tax Profit | 9,955 | 10,799 | 14,512 | 16,185 | 18,358 |
| Taxation | (2,002) | (1,890) | (2,032) | (3,237) | (3,672) |
| Exceptional Income - post-tax | | | | | |
| Profit After Tax | 7,953 | 8,909 | 12,481 | 12,948 | 14,687 |
| Minority Interests | | | | | |
| Preferred Dividends | | | | | |
| FX Gain/(Loss) - post tax | | | | | |
| Other Adjustments - post-tax | | | | | |
| Net Profit | 7,953 | 8,909 | 12,481 | 12,948 | 14,687 |
| Recurring Net Profit | 7,953 | 8,909 | 12,481 | 12,948 | 14,687 |
| Fully Diluted Recurring Net Profit | 7,953 | 8,909 | 12,481 | 12,948 | 14,687 |

| Cash Flow | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|----------|---------|----------|---------|---------|
| (Rs mn) | Mar-21A | Mar-22A | Mar-23F | Mar-24F | Mar-25F |
| EBITDA | 10,692 | 11,895 | 16,557 | 18,835 | 21,359 |
| Cash Flow from Invt. & Assoc. | | | | | |
| Change In Working Capital | (1,303) | (5,276) | (1,940) | (3,218) | (2,017) |
| (Incr)/Decr in Total Provisions | | | | | |
| Other Non-Cash (Income)/Expense | (1,216) | (160) | (867) | 9 | 10 |
| Other Operating Cashflow | (2,289) | (2,795) | (2,263) | (4,474) | (5,443) |
| Net Interest (Paid)/Received | (282) | (128) | (400) | (400) | (400) |
| Tax Paid | 1,647 | 1,751 | 2,032 | 3,237 | 3,672 |
| Cashflow From Operations | 7,249 | 5,287 | 13,118 | 13,988 | 17,180 |
| Capex | (4,375) | (3,362) | (21,300) | (6,000) | (6,000) |
| Disposals Of FAs/subsidiaries | | | | | |
| Acq. Of Subsidiaries/investments | | | | | |
| Other Investing Cashflow | (19,928) | 2,258 | 1,468 | | |
| Cash Flow From Investing | (24,303) | (1,104) | (19,832) | (6,000) | (6,000) |
| Debt Raised/(repaid) | (2,034) | (930) | (2,678) | | |
| Proceeds From Issue Of Shares | 19,789 | | | | |
| Shares Repurchased | | | | | |
| Dividends Paid | (607) | (758) | (477) | (495) | (561) |
| Preferred Dividends | | | | | |
| Other Financing Cashflow | (244) | (85) | (400) | (400) | (400) |
| Cash Flow From Financing | 16,904 | (1,773) | (3,555) | (895) | (961) |
| Total Cash Generated | (150) | 2,410 | (10,269) | 7,094 | 10,219 |
| Free Cashflow To Equity | (19,088) | 3,253 | (9,392) | 7,988 | 11,180 |
| Free Cashflow To Firm | (16,772) | 4,311 | (6,314) | 8,388 | 11,580 |

SOURCE: INCRED RESEARCH, COMPANY REPORTS



BY THE NUMBERS...cont'd

| Balance Sheet | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| (Rs mn) | Mar-21A | Mar-22A | Mar-23F | Mar-24F | Mar-25F |
| Total Cash And Equivalents | 23,274 | 22,649 | 10,912 | 18,006 | 28,225 |
| Total Debtors | 7,035 | 8,687 | 11,289 | 12,477 | 13,803 |
| Inventories | 10,528 | 14,234 | 17,386 | 19,216 | 21,259 |
| Total Other Current Assets | 4,810 | 5,960 | 5,982 | 6,073 | 6,174 |
| Total Current Assets | 45,647 | 51,530 | 45,569 | 55,772 | 69,461 |
| Fixed Assets | 23,429 | 24,842 | 43,098 | 45,248 | 47,147 |
| Total Investments | 207 | 448 | 448 | 448 | 448 |
| Intangible Assets | 828 | 828 | 828 | 828 | 828 |
| Total Other Non-Current Assets | 265 | 263 | 263 | 263 | 263 |
| Total Non-current Assets | 24,729 | 26,381 | 44,637 | 46,787 | 48,686 |
| Short-term Debt | 701 | 979 | | | |
| Current Portion of Long-Term Debt | | | | | |
| Total Creditors | 7,960 | 9,242 | 11,289 | 12,477 | 13,803 |
| Other Current Liabilities | 3,909 | 3,261 | 5,050 | 3,753 | 3,879 |
| Total Current Liabilities | 12,570 | 13,482 | 16,339 | 16,230 | 17,682 |
| Total Long-term Debt | 2,574 | 1,699 | | | |
| Hybrid Debt - Debt Component | | | | | |
| Total Other Non-Current Liabilities | 559 | 571 | 571 | 571 | 571 |
| Total Non-current Liabilities | 3,133 | 2,270 | 571 | 571 | 571 |
| Total Provisions | 892 | 955 | 88 | 97 | 106 |
| Total Liabilities | 16,595 | 16,707 | 16,998 | 16,898 | 18,360 |
| Shareholders Equity | 53,424 | 61,204 | 73,208 | 85,662 | 99,787 |
| Minority Interests | | | | | |
| Total Equity | 53,424 | 61,204 | 73,208 | 85,662 | 99,787 |

| Key Ratios | | | | | |
|---------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| | Mar-21A | Mar-22A | Mar-23F | Mar-24F | Mar-25F |
| Revenue Growth | 37.7% | 15.4% | 22.1% | 10.5% | 10.6% |
| Operating EBITDA Growth | 49.0% | 11.3% | 39.2% | 13.8% | 13.4% |
| Operating EBITDA Margin | 23.1% | 22.2% | 25.4% | 26.1% | 26.7% |
| Net Cash Per Share (Rs) | 137.95 | 131.46 | 71.83 | 118.53 | 185.79 |
| BVPS (Rs) | 368.51 | 402.89 | 481.90 | 563.88 | 656.87 |
| Gross Interest Cover | 31.72 | 77.16 | 33.78 | 37.46 | 43.15 |
| Effective Tax Rate | 20.1% | 17.5% | 14.0% | 20.0% | 20.0% |
| Net Dividend Payout Ratio | 3.8% | 3.8% | 3.8% | 3.8% | 3.8% |
| Accounts Receivables Days | 53.17 | 53.67 | 55.82 | 60.09 | 60.06 |
| Inventory Days | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm |
| Accounts Payables Days | nm | nm | nm | nm | nm |
| ROIC (%) | 25.5% | 23.3% | 21.6% | 22.1% | 24.0% |
| ROCE (%) | 20.1% | 16.2% | 19.6% | 18.9% | 18.6% |
| Return On Average Assets | 14.6% | 12.2% | 15.3% | 13.8% | 13.7% |

SOURCE: INCRED RESEARCH, COMPANY REPORTS



Chemicals - Overall | India PI Industries Ltd | February 23, 2023

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